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CONTENTS

Volume 19, Number 1

January-June 2019

1. An Evaluation of Colour Change in Abrasion and its Correlation to Time: A Cross-Sectional Study from a Tertiary Care Centre 1
Anil Mangeshkar, P S Varghese
2. Correlation of the Age of Eruption of Teeth with the Body Mass Index among School Children 7
Karikalan T, Anil R Pandey
3. Profile of Internal Injuries to Thorax, Abdomen and Pelvis Sustained by the Victim During Fatal Road Traffic Accident in Central India..... 11
Manu D Sharma, Deepak L Bhagwat, B. H. Tirpude, P. N. Murkey, I L Khandekar, Sharjeel Khan, Ambedkar Ranjan
4. Profile of Cases of Fatal Road Traffic Accident with Respect to Diurnal Variation of Time, Age, Sex and Death of Victim in Central Rural India-Autopsy Based Study 15
Deepak L Bhagwat, Manu D Sharma, B. H. Tirpude, P. N. Murkey, I L Khandekar, Sharjeel Khan, Ambedkar Ranjan
5. A Two-Year Prospective Study from Punjab Region of India..... 20
Mittal D R, Jasbir S, Rai G, Kumar K, Sharma R K
6. A Prospective Study of Unnatural Deaths in Married Women within Seven Years of Marriage in Hapur District of Western Uttar Pradesh..... 26
Rizwi A, Jasbir S, Sharma R K, Abhishek S
7. Pattern and Distribution of Injuries in Victims of Fatal Road Traffic Accident Cases of Bikers in Haryana a Retrospective Study 31
Jitender Kumar Jakhar, Tarun Dagar, Naveen Yadav, Piyush Jain
8. Applicability of Three Component System of Age Estimation in Haryana Population 36
Kumaran M, Dalbir Singh, Bansal YS, Mandal SP, Murali G
9. Bite Marks: An Indispensable Tool for Forensic Odontological Evidence..... 42
M. K. Sunil, Upender Malik, Sourav Malhotra, Arishah Gulzar, Radhika Sharma
10. A Study on Pattern of Adolescent Deaths- A Retrospective Study 47
Santosh Kumar P, Gajanan H Nayak, Mahalaxmi B Karlawad
11. A Study of Thermal Deaths in Rohtak, Haryana..... 52
Malik A K, Sharma D, Dhatarwal S K, Panchal K, Singla K
12. Does Knowledge and Attitude is Needed Regarding Euthanasia in Clinical Course? A Narrative Review Based on an Available Literature 56
Mohd. Arif Husain, Ishak Mohammad, Nageshwar V, K M K Sridhar

13. A Study Pattern of Poisoning among the Autopsies Conducted at Adichunchanagiri Institute of Medical Sciences	61
<i>N T Satish, M G Shivaramu, Jethin Ramadasan</i>	
14. Determination of Sex from Mastoid Dimensions among North Indians	65
<i>Rajeev Kumar Chaudhary, Anupama Mahajan, Monika Piplani, Baljeet Singh Khurana</i>	
15. Implications of Maxillofacial Injuries on Quality of Life in Trauma Victims	70
<i>Karan Giriyan, Rajesh Kamath, Brayal D'Souza, Sagarika Kamath, Sneha R Bhat</i>	
16. Maxillofacial Injuries and Its Implications on Economic Burden in Trauma Victims	76
<i>Karan Giriyan, Rajesh Kamath, Brayal D'Souza, Sagarika Kamath, Sneha R. Bhat</i>	
17. Study of the Impact of Quality of Patient Care on Discharge against Medical Advice Patients in a Tertiary Care hospital	82
<i>Aswathi Raj L, Rajesh Kamath, Somu G., Biju Soman, Brayal D'Souza, Sagarika Kamath, Sneha R. Bhat</i>	
18. Body Mass Index and Suicide	89
<i>Jayanthi Yadav, Sujeet Kumar Samadder, Rajneesh Kumar Pandey</i>	
19. A Study on the Association Between Extradural Hemorrhage and Skull Fractures in Head Injury.....	95
<i>Parinita, Renju Raveendran, K. Valsala</i>	
20. A Rare Case of Suicide by Multiple Gunshot Wounds to the Head	99
<i>Filippo Milano, Michele Treglia, Anna Mancuso, Stefania Urso, Gian Luca Marella</i>	
21. A Study to Estimate the Reliability of “Moritz Rule of Thumb-Method A and Method B” Method of Estimation of Time Since Death in Tropical Climate of Central India	104
<i>Jayanthi Yadav, Rajneesh Kumar Pandey, Sujeet Kumar Samadder</i>	
22. Effect of Role Play Video-An Innovate Tool on Court Room Procedures to Educate Medical Graduates	108
<i>B. Suresh Kumar Shetty, Sharada Rai, Rohit C Shet, M S Kotian, Navjot S Dhillon, Ishika Mahajan, Ciraj A M</i>	
23. Profile of Mortalities due to Alcohol and Drug Consumption in Road and Rail Traffic Accidents in Mangaluru, a Coastal City of Karnataka, India	113
<i>Subham Sarthak, B. Suresh Kumar Shetty, Jagadish Rao PP, Pavanchand Shetty H, Haniel D'Souza, Adithi S Shetty, M S Kotian</i>	
24. Psychological Well-Being as a Mediator Between Psychological Contract Breach and Organisation Citizenship Behaviour	118
<i>Veena Christy, Jayapreethi Manoharan, M. Yokesh</i>	
25. Pattern of Poisoning Cases at a Tertiary Health Care Centre—A Cross Sectional Study	124
<i>Vinay Bannur, Prasanna S. Jirli, Ravindra S. Honnunar, Vishal V. Koulapur, Somashekhar S. Pujar</i>	
26. An Analysis of Pattern of Fatal Head Injuries in Road Traffic Accidents	130
<i>Shobhana S S, RaviRaj K G, Yadav Abhishek, Lohith Kumar R</i>	
27. Antibody Detection (IgG, IgM) of both HSV-1 and VZV in Serum and Saliva of Bell's Palsy Patients Recovered by Low Level Laser Therapy.....	134
<i>Ali Mihsen Hussein Alyassiri, Taghreed Fadil Zaidan</i>	

28. Demographic Profile of Pattern of Railway Injuries in Warangal Municipal Limits, A. P.....	138
<i>D. Vijaya Raghavendra, K. Ravimuni, K. Usha Rani</i>	
29. Retrospective Study of Autopsied Firearm Fatalities Over Period of Five Years.....	143
<i>Kiran Patil, Gyanendra Kumar, Ashesh Wankhede, Pawan Tekade, Shashikant Kaulaskar</i>	
30. The Development of a Web Portal for an Assisted Reproduction Center in South India and an Analysis of its Efficacy	147
<i>Rahul Munikrishna, Kavitha T. C., Venkataramanaiah, Somu G., Rajesh Kamath, Brayal D'Souza, Sagarika Kamath</i>	
31. Knowledge and Practice on Dietary Management among Patients with Gallbladder Diseases	152
<i>Sahil George Lal</i>	
32. The Prevalence of Work-Related Musculoskeletal Disorders among the Nurses in Dubai: Occupational Health Study	156
<i>Yassen Alfoteih, Zelal Kharaba, Vanessa Lobo, Salimbabu Abdulla</i>	
33. A Postmortem Study of Blunt Cardiac Injuries.....	161
<i>Konduru Laxman</i>	
34. A Study of Determination of Stature in Hyderabad Population from External Ear Morphometry	164
<i>Konduru Laxman</i>	
35. Comparable Study between Panic Disorder Patients (With or Without) Mitral Prolapse in Nassiria City/Iraq	169
<i>Kadum Mohan Manil, Hussain Hlail Wda'a Al-Sayyad</i>	
36. A Study to Assess the Knowledge and Compliance of Critical Care Nurses Regarding Ventilator Care Bundle in Prevention of Ventilator Associated Pneumonia	176
<i>Dipali U Dumbre</i>	
37. Determinants of Levels of Cardiac Troponin I in Post-Mortem Blood Sample in Sudden Cardiac Death—An Autopsy Based Study	179
<i>Sharija S, Sarathkumar A, Sasikala K</i>	
38. Effect of Group Education (Simulation Model) on Information Disclosure and HIV/AIDS Transmission Prevention for HIV/AIDS Risk Groups.....	184
<i>Ngesti W Utami</i>	
39. Health Insurance for Indonesian Migrant Workers	188
<i>Wafda Vivid Izziyana, Harun, Absori, Kelik Wardiono, Heru Santoso Wahito Nugroho, Arief Budiono</i>	
40. An Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) Based Lung Nodule Identification and Verification Module	193
<i>S. Sandhiya, Y. Kalpana</i>	
41. Training and Communication Skills of Little Dentist Cadre.....	199
<i>Ristya Widi Endah Yani, Isa Ma'rufi, Yunita Puspita Sari Pakpahan</i>	
42. Service Quality Model with Cultural Perspective in Effect on Patient Satisfaction in Hospitals with Different Accreditation Status	204
<i>Tjatur Sembodo, Cholichul Hadi, Windhu Purnomo</i>	

43. SPEOS (Stimulation of Endorphin, Oxytocin and Suggestive): Intervention to Improvement of Breastfeeding Production	210
<i>Indah Lestari, Ima Rahmawati, Emik Windarti, Hariyono</i>	
44. Natural Insecticide Spray for <i>Aedes sp.</i> , Made from Ethanol Extract of Purple Eggplant Fruit (<i>Solanum melongena L.</i>)	216
<i>Yunan Jiwintarum, Erlin Yustin Tatontos, Anisa Noviana, Maruni Wiwin Diarti, Setiawan</i>	
45. Effect of Vitamin A and Zink Intake of Breastfeeding Mothers on Infection in Infants	221
<i>Lydia Fanny, Retno Sri Lestari, Hijrah Asikin</i>	
46. Knowledge, Attitudes towards Health Insurance, Eradication of Mosquito Breeding Places and the Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever in Badung Regency	225
<i>I Nyoman Gede Suyasa, Ni Made Sirat, Ni Luh Putu Yunianti Suntari, I Nyoman Wirata</i>	
47. The Anachronism of the Indonesian Social Security Policy in Health	229
<i>Arief Budiono, Absori, Harun, Heru Santoso Wahito Nugroho, Khudzaifah Dimiyati, Ayesha Hendriana Ngestiningrum, Wafda Vivid Izziyana</i>	
48. Effect of Alkaline Water Consumption on Decreasing Blood Sugar Levels of Diabetes Mellitus Patients	234
<i>Dwi Agustanti, Purbianto</i>	
49. Family Support for Diabetes Self-care Behavior in T2DM Patients who Use Herbs as a Complementary Treatment	238
<i>Anita Joeliantina, Mangestuti Agil, M. Bagus Qomaruddin, Kusananto, Oedojo Soedirham</i>	
50. The Influence of Knowledge, Attitude and Action on Family Health Tasks in Controlling Hypertension through the <i>Germas</i> Approach	244
<i>Lembunai Tat Alberta, Dwi Utari Widyastuti</i>	
51. Student Centered Learning as a Method to Increase Clinical Competencies of Nursing Students at Health Polytechnic of Jakarta I, Indonesia	249
<i>Mumpuni, Uun Nurulhuda, Tutiany, Dewi Purnamawati</i>	
52. The Factors Making the Law Protection for the Patients of Esthetic Beauty Clinic in Indonesia not fulfilling Citizen's Constitutional Right	252
<i>Siska Diana Sari, I Gusti Ayu Ketut Rachmi Handayani, Pujiyono</i>	
53. The Application of Cyclone Ventilator Modification for Indoor Air Sanitation	257
<i>Khambali, Setiawan, Kuat Prabowo</i>	
54. Efficiency Effort of Inpatient Service for BPJS-Health Participants with Lean Method at Surabaya Islamic Hospital	262
<i>Muryani, Thiwit Nurul Huda, Yeni Farida, Tito Yustiawan, Setya Haksama, Samsul Arifin</i>	
55. Stirring Chamber Design Development to Increase the Potention of Chicken Egg Shells to Decrease Cadmium (Cd) Level in Blood Cockle (<i>Anadara Granosa</i>)	269
<i>Narwati, Hadi Suryono</i>	
56. Querying the Dataset from the Developed Ontology for Swineflu Disease	275
<i>Radhika Pathi, Suresh Verma Penumatsha, Lakshmi Kalyani Neerukonda, P. Rama Krishna</i>	

Knowledge, Attitudes towards Health Insurance, Eradication of Mosquito Breeding Places and the Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever in Badung Regency

I Nyoman Gede Suyasa¹, Ni Made Sirat¹, Ni Luh Putu Yuniarti Suntari¹, I Nyoman Wirata¹

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ABSTRACT

People who have health insurance feel comfortable and safe because their health is protected. If they are hospitalized, there is an institution that pays, so that efforts to prevent themselves from becoming sick are forgotten. People are reluctant to take preventive measures, such as being lazy to eradicate mosquito nests. The purpose of this study was to analyze the relationship between knowledge, attitudes towards health insurance, eradication of mosquito breeding places, and the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever in Badung Regency. This type of research was observational, involving 330 people as sample selected by cluster sampling. The cluster number was 10, each cluster consisted of 33 respondents. The cluster was selected using the Probability Proportional to Size (PPS) technique. Data were collected through filling out questionnaires and then analyzed using multivariate statistics. The results showed that there was a positive correlation between knowledge and attitude and the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever; negative correlation between knowledge and attitude with the act of eradicating mosquito nests; and a negative correlation between action and the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever. It is hoped that the community will be more active in doing voluntary work or cleaning the environment periodically, both weekly and monthly.

Keywords: *Dengue hemorrhagic fever, Mosquito breeding places, Eradication, Health insurance, Knowledge, Attitude*

INTRODUCTION

National Health Insurance provides several benefits for the community, namely affordable premiums, the existence of quality control and cost principles, is a social health insurance that guarantees the certainty of sustainable health service financing, as well as social health insurance that can be used in all regions of Indonesia^{(1),(2)}.

Community behavior is a person's response to stimuli related to illness and disease, health care systems, food, and the environment. There are passive human responses such as knowledge, perception, and attitude; some are active⁽³⁾. Public knowledge about the

National Health Insurance is very minimal, especially in the periphery areas need to be solved gradually. In overcoming this problem, government policies on health must be carefully determined, so that investments made so far do not become futile⁽⁴⁾.

In Indonesia, until now dengue haemorrhagic fever is still a major health problem. Since it was first reported in Jakarta and Surabaya in 1968, the incidence of this disease is increasing and spreading throughout Indonesia⁽⁵⁾. The regions with the highest morbidity are Java, Bali and parts of the island of Borneo. *Aedes aegypti* has several characteristics, which are only able to live at a temperature of 8 °C to 37 °C, on the body there are silvery white or yellowish white spots⁽⁶⁾.

The Badung District Health Office reported that cases of dengue fever in Badung Regency were included in the high category, with 2178 cases in 2015, with deaths of 6 people, with IR 0.3%. As of the end of July 2016 there were 2751 cases, with 10 deaths, with IR 0.4%⁽⁷⁾.

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People who have become members of the National Health Insurance program feel comfortable and safe because their health is protected or guaranteed, so in their thinking, if they are sick or hospitalized, there are institutions that pay. With the existence of such thoughts, then there is one aspect that is forgotten, namely prevention of self so as not to experience health problems or suffer from disease. The community becomes lazy to take actions that can prevent the occurrence of illness, such as lazy to eradicate mosquito breeding places in order to prevent the incidence of dengue fever.

The statement of the problem in this study is: Is there a correlation between knowledge, attitudes toward health insurance with the eradication of mosquito breeding places and the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever in Badung Regency? The purpose of this study was to analyze the relationship between knowledge, attitudes towards health insurance, eradication of mosquito breeding places, and the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever in Badung Regency.

MATERIALS AND METHOD

This research was carried out in Badung Regency, Bali Province, Indonesia in 2017. This study was observational research that examined programs that had been carried out by the government⁽⁸⁾. The sample was 330 people selected by cluster sampling technique. The cluster number was 10, each cluster consisted of 33 respondents. The cluster (Table 1) was selected using the Probability Proportional to Size (PPS) technique, using software⁽⁹⁾.

Table 1: List of Selected Clusters

Cluster	Name of Village
1	Abiansemal
2	Bongkasa
3	Darmasaba
4	Mengwi
5	Kapal
6	Kuta
7	Kerobokan
8	Tibubeneng
9	Unggasan
10	Jimbaran

The independent variable in this study was knowledge and attitudes towards national health insurance, the intermediate variable was the act of eradicating mosquito breeding places, while the dependent variable was the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever. Data were collected through filling out questionnaires. The categorical data were presented in the form of frequency and percentage⁽¹⁰⁾, then analyzed using multivariate statistics.

FINDINGS

Description of Knowledge and Attitude toward Health Insurance, The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places and The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever

Table 2: Distribution of Knowledge about Health Insurance

Knowledge about Health Insurance	Frequency	Percentage
Good	309	93.64
Not Good	21	6.36

Table 3: Distribution of Attitude toward Health Insurance

Attitude toward Health Insurance	Frequency	Percentage
Good	273	82.73
Not Good	57	17.27

Table 4: Distribution of The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places

The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places	Frequency	Percentage
Good	127	38.48
Not Good	203	61.52

Table 5: Distribution of The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever

The Incidence of DHF	Frequency	Percentage
Not Occur	156	47.27
Occur	174	52.73

Referring to table 2 to table 5, the majority of people had a good level of knowledge and attitude towards

health insurance, but the act of eradicating mosquito breeding places tend to be not good, and more dengue fever occurs.

HYPOTHESIS TESTING RESULTS

Table 6: The Correlation between Knowledge about Health Insurance, Attitude toward Health Insurance, The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places and The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever

Correlation	r	p-value
Knowledge–The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places	-0.597	0.000
Knowledge–The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever	0.694	0.000
Attitude–The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places	-0.545	0.000
Attitude–The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever	0.676	0.000
The Act of Eradicating Mosquito Breeding Places–The Incidence of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever	-0.835	0.000

Table 6 shows that each correlation test produces p-value <0.05; so it was concluded that all correlation test results were significant.

DISCUSSION

The majority of respondents' knowledge about national health insurance is in the good category. This can be seen from the National Health Insurance participants who generally come from communities with sufficient economic levels, the community has a culture of saving in preparation for the occurrence of illness, there are still people who think that the National Health Insurance is not a government program to seek profits, and there are people who do not know about the principles of National Health Insurance that are applied such as mutual cooperation, without seeking profit, sustainable social security, and compulsory participation for all Indonesian people.

Knowledge is the result of knowing, which occurs after a person has sensed a particular object⁽¹¹⁾. Knowledge is also an effort that underlies a person to think scientifically, while the level depends on the knowledge or basic

education of the person concerned⁽¹²⁾. Thus, knowledge can be influenced by education, experience, age, economic status, information, environment and culture.

The results showed that knowledge of national health insurance correlated negatively with the eradication of mosquito breeding places. This shows that respondents' knowledge of national health insurance is good, the community feels comfortable and safe when they have health insurance, so they forget to take preventive measures to avoid dengue fever. With these findings, it is expected that the community will be more active in carrying out mutual cooperation activities to eradicate the breeding of mosquitoes.

Community attitudes towards national health insurance are generally in the good category. Most people who already have a national health insurance card. But there are also people who do not have a National Health Insurance card. They did not immediately register themselves as national health insurance participants, even though the conditions needed were easily obtained. There are also people who consider that it is still difficult to obtain national health insurance registration requirements. On the other hand there are also people who consider that national health insurance is not a public health insurance.

Actually, people already know about national health insurance even though there is little information that can be absorbed by the community. Many people still think that national health insurance can be taken care of suddenly when it is needed to get medical check up or to pay for expensive treatment; whereas national health insurance has 6 principles, namely mutual cooperation, non-profit, portability, mandatory participation principle, trust fund, and the results of the management of social security funds⁽¹⁾.

Attitude is a feeling of supporting (favorable) or not supporting (unfavorable) such as readiness to react in a certain way if the individual is faced with a stimulus that requires a response⁽¹³⁾.

The results showed a negative correlation between attitudes towards national health insurance and eradication of mosquito breeding sites. This shows the attitude of the people who are lazy to carry out mutual cooperation activities to clean the mosquito breeding grounds. The community considers that if they suffer from dengue fever, there is already health insurance

that covers the funding at the hospital. It is hoped that the community will continue to increase its awareness through health education, so that they can prevent dengue fever by eradicating mosquito breeding sites.

With the national health insurance program, community actions to eradicate mosquito breeding sites are in the “not good” category. Perception is a process in a person in understanding the situation or situation in his environment, which involves organizing and interpreting as a stimulus in a psychological experience. Perception is formed in a process with sufficient time to produce a response. Perception can help someone to choose and interpret something that is felt or seen as a complete and meaningful form, such as an action that appears⁽¹⁴⁾.

The results showed that there was a negative correlation between eradication of mosquito breeding sites and the number of people affected by dengue fever in one house. This shows that the eradication of mosquito breeding sites plays an important role in the prevention of dengue fever. The more inactive in carrying out mutual cooperation activities to clean the environment, the more chance for dengue hemorrhagic fever to occur.

Based on the results of this study, it is expected that the community will be more active in carrying out voluntary work activities to eradicate mosquito breeding sites, coupled with activities to close water reservoirs, bury containers and drain water reservoirs. Community service activities to clean the environment can be done in the yard, in public places, schools and others; periodically every week or monthly.

CONCLUSION

The results showed that in Badung Regency, the incidence of dengue hemorrhagic fever was related to the eradication of mosquito breeding sites. Knowledge and attitudes towards national health insurance have weakened the eradication activities of mosquito breeding sites, due to a tendency to rely on the existence of health insurance.

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